Frequent Itemset Mining

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(PART III)

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LCM Algorithm Linear Closed Item Set Miner

[Uno et al., 03] (version 1) [Uno et al., 04, 05] (versions 2 & 3)

LCM: basic ideas

- The itemset candidates are checked in lexicographic order (depth-first traversal of the prefix tree)
- Step by step elimination of items from the transaction database; recursive processing of the conditional transaction databases
- Maintains both a horizontal and a vertical representation of the transaction database in parallel.
 - Uses the vertical representation to filter the transactions with the chosen split item.
 - Uses the horizontal representation to fill the vertical representation for the next recursion step (no intersection as in Eclat algorithm).

LCM: basic ideas

The itemset candidates are checked in lexicographic order (depth-first traversal of the prefix tree)



LCM: basic ideas

Parent-child relation *P* is defined as:

 $X = \mathcal{P}(Y) \Leftrightarrow (Y = X \cup \{x_i\}) \land (x_i > tail(X))$ Or equivalently: 7 е b С d а $X = \mathcal{P}(Y) \Leftrightarrow X = Y \setminus tail(Y)$ be bd ab ac ad ае bccd се \mathcal{P} is an acyclic relation bce abd abe acd ade bcd bde abc ace

abcde

de

cde

Example (7)

- bcd and cda are candidates?
- tail(abde)=?, tail(a)=?, tail(bd)=?
- Let X= abde
 - ✗(1)=?, X(2)=?
 - ✗(3)=?, X(4)=?
 - ✗(5)=X(i: i>3)=?



Example (7)



Closure (recall)

A set **S** has a *closure* under an operation *f* iff:

Forall x in S, f(x) in S

The set **S** is then closed under **f**

- A closure operation is:
 - Increasing or extensive (the closure of an object contains the object)
 - **Idempotent** (the closure of a closure equals the closure)
 - Monotone (X subset of Y then closure of X is subset of closure of Y)

Itemset Closure

Closure operation on an itemset P is the set of items common to all transactions of cover(P):

$$Clos(P) = \bigcap_{t \in cover(P)} t$$

An itemset *P* is closed iff it is equals to its closure:

$$Clos(P) = P$$



| t | Items | | | |
|---------|-------|---|---|---|
| $t_1 A$ | | C | D | |
| t_2 | B | C | | E |
| $t_3 A$ | B | C | | E |
| t_4 | B | | | E |
| $t_5 A$ | B | C | | E |
| t_6 | B | C | | E |

$$Clos(P) = \bigcap_{t \in cover(P)} t$$

Q: Give the closure of: A, AB, AC, D, B

Closure Extension [Pasquier et al., 99]

- Closure extension is a rule for constructing a closed itemset from another one
 - Add an item and take its closure!



LCM: Lemma 1

Let X and X' two itemsets:

 $X' \text{ is child of } X \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} freq(X') > 0 & \text{condition 1} \\ X \text{ is a prefix of } X' & \text{condition 2} \\ X' = \bigcap_{t \in cover(X)} t & \text{condition 3} \end{cases}$



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$$X' \text{ is child of } X \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} freq(X') > 0 & t & Items \\ freq(X') > 0 & t_1 & C & D \\ X \text{ is a prefix of } X' & t_2 & B & C & E \\ X \text{ is a prefix of } X' & t_3 & A & B & C & E \\ X' = \bigcap_{t \in cover(X)} t & t_5 & A & B & C & E \\ t_6 & B & C & E \\ t_6 & B & C & E \end{cases}$$

Q: Give the set of closed itemsets and the child relation between them

LCM: Algorithm

Algorithm LCM (X : frequent closed item set) 1. **output** X

- 2. For each i > i(X) do
- 3. If X[i] is frequent and $X[i] = I(\mathcal{T}(X[i]))$ then Call LCM(X[i])
- 4. End for

Theorem 1 Let $0 < \sigma < 1$ be a minimum support. Algorithm LCM enumerates, given the root closed item set $\perp = I(\mathcal{T}(\emptyset))$, all frequent closed item sets in linear time in the number of frequent closed item sets in \mathcal{C} .

[Uno et al., 03]

LCM: Algorithm

Algorithm 1: LCM

- 1 **InOut** : *X* : Closed Frequent Itemset;
- 2 In : θ : minsup

$$\mathfrak{s} print(X)$$

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4 foreach
$$i > tail(X)$$
 do

5 | if
$$freq(X \cup \{i\}) \ge \theta$$
 then
6 | $Y \leftarrow \cap t$

$$Y \leftarrow \bigcap_{t \in cover(X \cup \{i\})} t$$

if
$$Y = child(X \cup \{i\})$$
 then $LCM(X, \theta)$

Some results



Tutorials

link: <u>http://www.lirmm.fr/~lazaar/imagina/TD3.pdf</u>