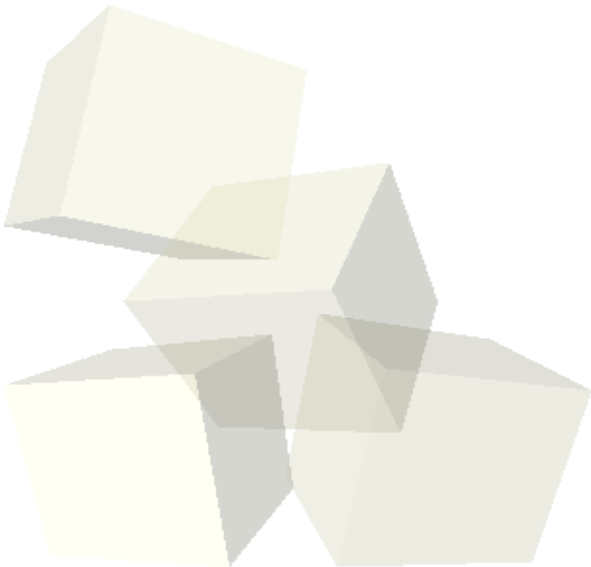




Real-time Simulation of Suturing on deformable models

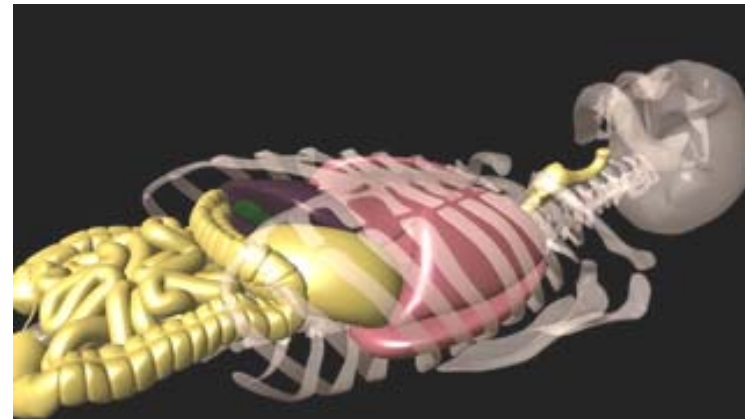
Christophe Guébert





The team

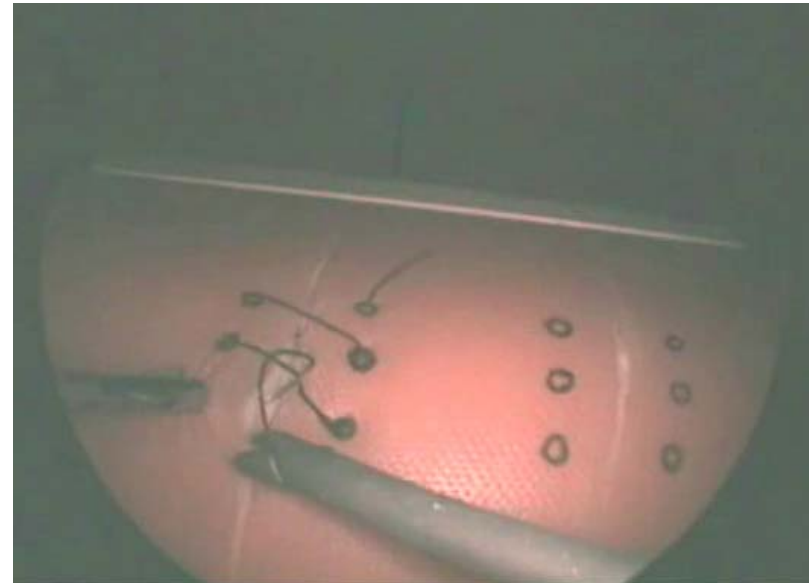
- Ph. D. student in the GRAPHIX team (Alcove project)
- 40 people
- Area of research : interaction with complex 3D objects
- 2 applications : simulation of sophisticated surgical protocols & collaborative virtual environments
- Developments are done in SOFA - Simulation Open Framework Architecture – in collaboration with other INRIA projects (Asclepios & Evasion)





My subject

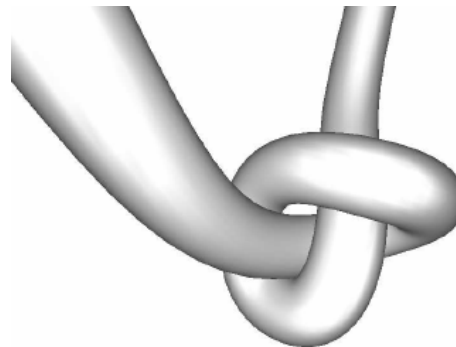
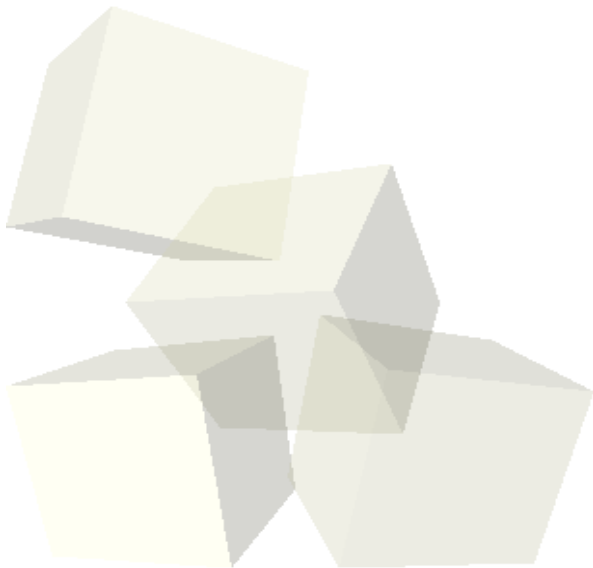
- Simulation of suturing tasks for surgical applications
- Using soft bodies
 - Various elastic properties
- As close as possible to the real behaviour
- Real time





Roadmap

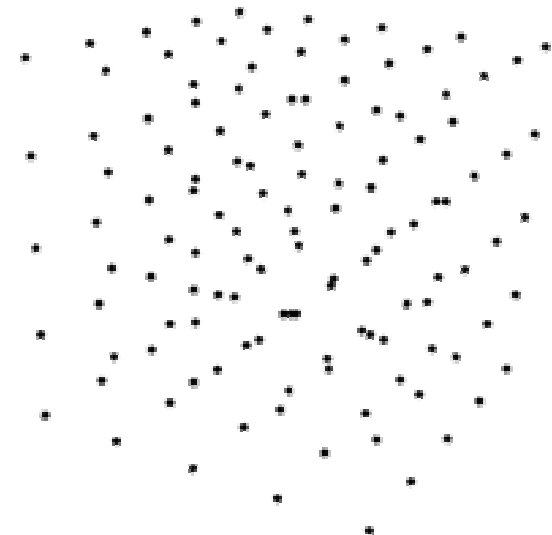
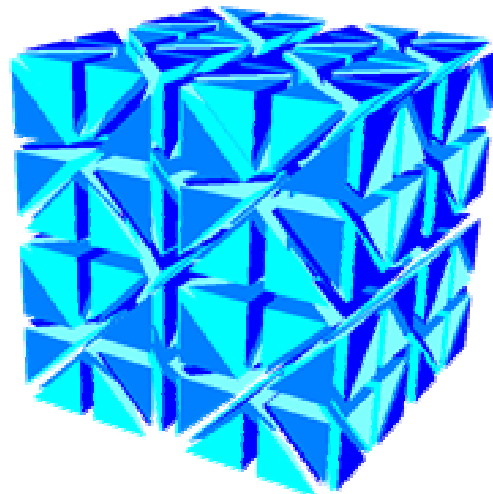
- Full simulation of the suturing process requires :
 - Soft bodies model capable of simulating organs
 - Stable collision detection and response
 - Surgical thread model, with knots tying
 - Sliding constraints for the thread / organ interaction
 - Clever optimization to achieve real time simulation
- Bonus : allowing cutting of the soft bodies model





Deformable model

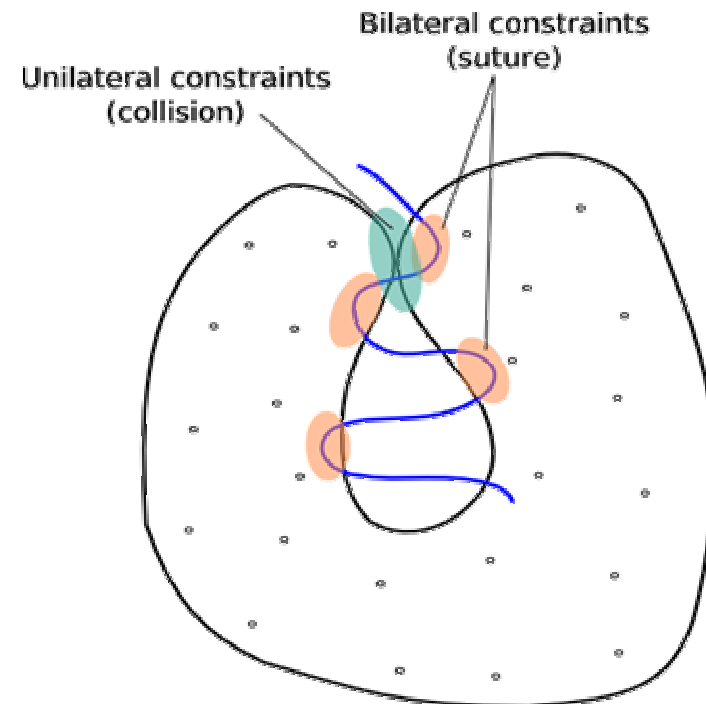
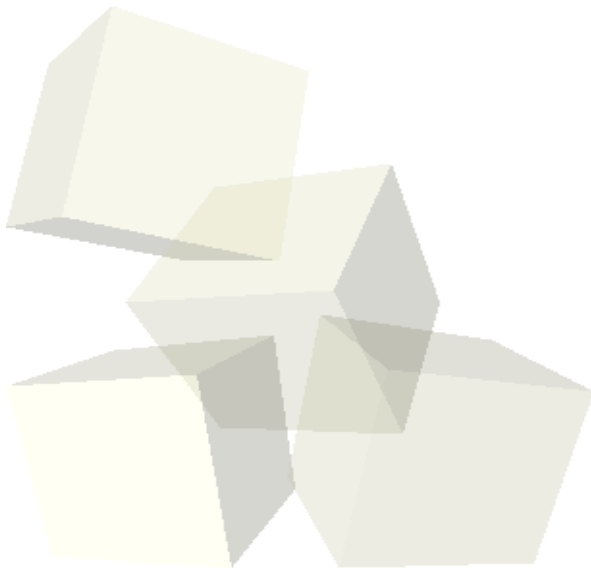
- Most common : Finite Elements Model
 - The object is decomposed into smaller elements (e.g. tetrahedrons) whose elastic comportment is well known
- My choice : Meshless Model
 - The object is modelled by a point cloud, no explicit structure
 - Each particle (phyxel) has a specific influence on its neighbours
 - Another discretization method for continuous medium laws
 - Drawbacks : slower simulation
 - Benefits : simpler topological modifications (cutting, fusion)





Constraints

- Near future : work on the constraints
- Also, repartition of forces and constraints applied to the surface of the object to the phyxels of the meshless model
- Uses :
 - Collision response
 - Suture : surgical thread sliding through the organ





Thank you for your attention

Any questions ?

