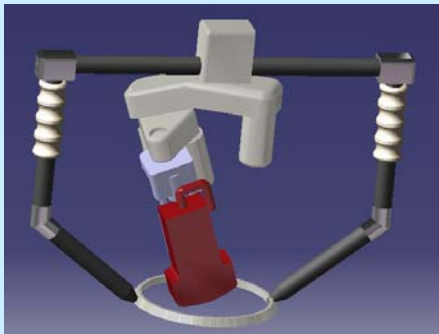


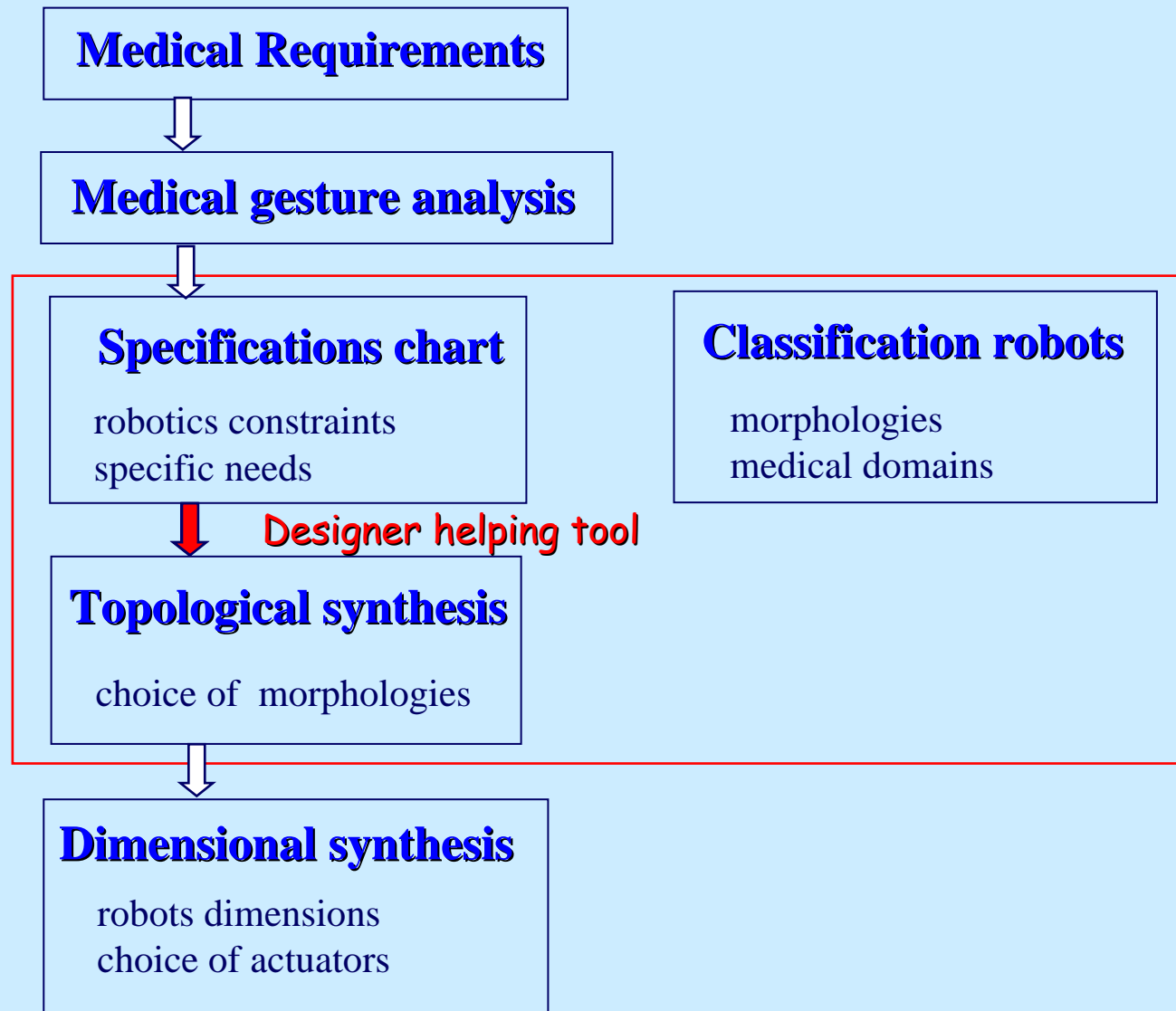
# Towards a methodology of medical robot design



Laurence Nouaille



Laboratoire Vision et Robotique  
Université d'Orléans

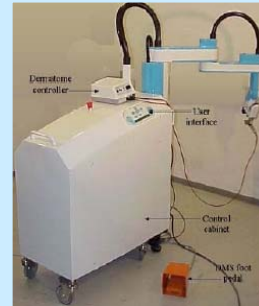




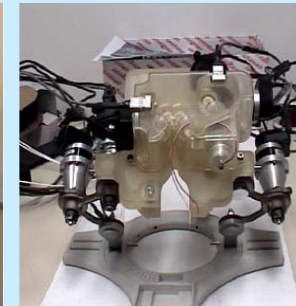
Otelo 2



TER



Dermarob



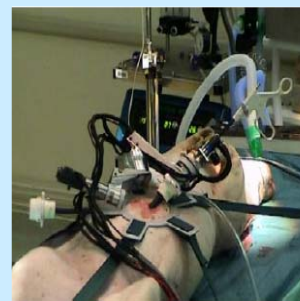
CT-Bot



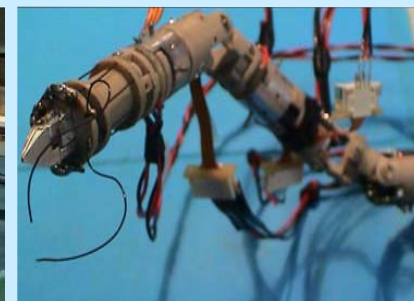
Hippocrate



Padyc



MC2E



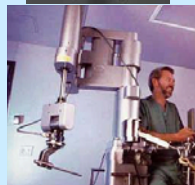
Drimis

Medical gesture follow up		safety conditions
Continue path planing without collision		Dimensions : inaccessible safety zone
Spherical movement around point contact probe skin		Low powered actuators
Inclination 35° mini, 60° Maxi		Robot quickly removed from patient
Movement tangent to skin cercle R= 25mm		Minimum number of dof
Translation perpendicular to skin -30mm to 10 mm		Easily controllable structure
Own rotation over than 90°		
Implementation	Max Speed	Max Strength
Mobility	$v = 30 \text{ mm/s}$	$Fz = 20 \text{ N}$
Light weight	$\omega = 0,5 \text{ rad/s}$	
Compact		
Fast implementation		
Interchanging probes		

Specifications chart of Otelo 2 : tele-echography robot

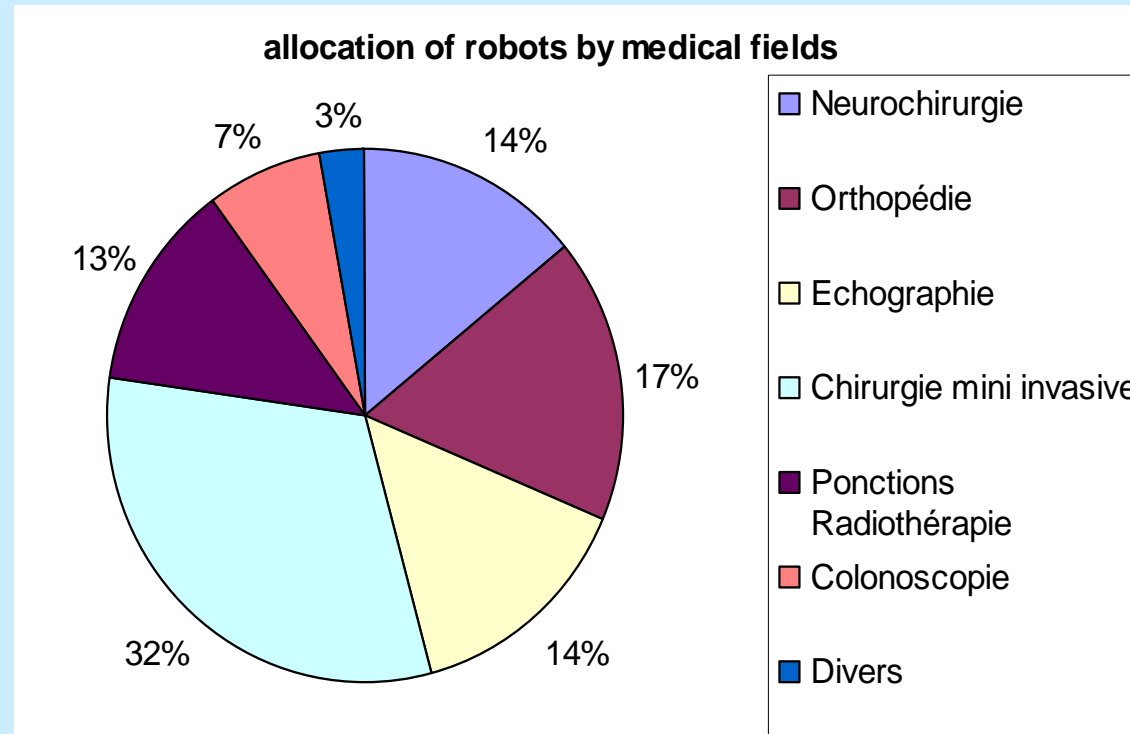


- 60 medical robots classified by : medical fields, mechanical structure, number of degree of freedom, kinematic configurations

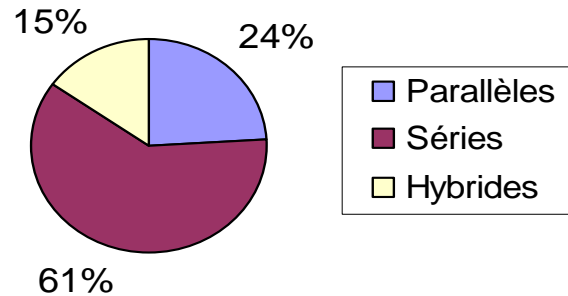


Laboratoire	Robots	Cinématique	archi globale	Porteur	Poignet	ddl	config globale
Acrobot Ltd Imperial College	Acrobot	anthropomorphe	s	s		6	6R
Computer Motion	Aesop	Scara RCM passif	s	s	RCM	6	PRRRRR
Madhani	Black Falcon	RCM	s		RCM	8	RRPRRRRP
Ortomaquet	Caspar	anthropomorphe	s	s		6	6R
Brandt Zimolong	Crigos	parallèle Stewart	p	p		6	
LSIIT	CT-Bot	parallèle	p			5	RP
LIRMM	D2M2	bras passif	s	s	s	5	PRRRP
Intuitive Surgical	Da vinci	RCM actif parallélogramme	s	s	RCM	6	RRPRRR
LIRMM	Dermarob	Scara	s	s		6	PRRRRP
LRP	DRIMIS	Outil intra -corporel	s		s	5	RRRRR
Masuda	Echographie abdomen	hybride	h	p	RCM	6	RRRRRP
Salcudean	Echographie artérielle	Série	s	s	RCM	6	PRRRRR
Wendlandt	Endo - plateforme	parallèle Stewart	p		p	3	PPR
Armstrong Healthcare	EndoAssist	RCM passif	s	s	RCM	5	PRRRR
Imperial college	EndoBot	RCM actif	s			4	RRRP
LIRM	Hippocrate	anthropomorphe	s	s		6	6R
TIMC	LER	RCM actif poignet sphérique	s		RCM	3	RRP
Israël Shoham Burman	MARS	parallèle Stewart	p		p	6	
LRP	MC2E	RCM actif poignet sphérique	s		RCM	4	RRRP
TIMC	Neuromate	anthropomorphe	s	s		6	RRRRRRR
LVR	Otelo	RCM actif	s		RCM	6	PPRRRP
TIMC	PADyC ou RSP	Scara passif	s	s	s	6	PRRRRP
Etats Unis	PAKY	RCM poulie courroie bras passif	s		RCM	7	RRP
Finlay Armstrong Healthcare	Path Finder	anthropomorphe bras passif	s	s		6	6R
ISS	Robodoc	Scara actif	s	s		5	RRPRR
Auer Imperial College	Roboscope	parallèle	p	p		6	
TIMC	RPL	hybride	h	p	RCM	4	PPRRP
Berkeley San Francisco	RTW	Hybride	h		RCM	6	RRRPRP
Mitsubishi	RU DS	Série cartésien	s			7	PPRRRRP
Isis Robotics	Surgiscope	parallèle delta+Rm	p	p		3	
Vilchis	TER 2	hybride	h	p	RCM	6	PPRRRP
LVR	Teresa	RCM actif	s		RCM	4	RRRP
Polytec PI URS	URS Evolution1	parallèle Stewart	p	p		6	6(SPS)
Computer Motion	Zeus	Scara RCM passif	s	s	RCM	4	PRRR

- statistic analysis

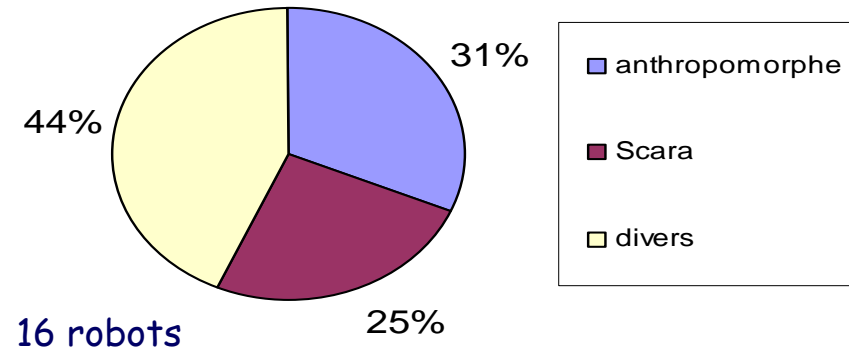


allocation of structures



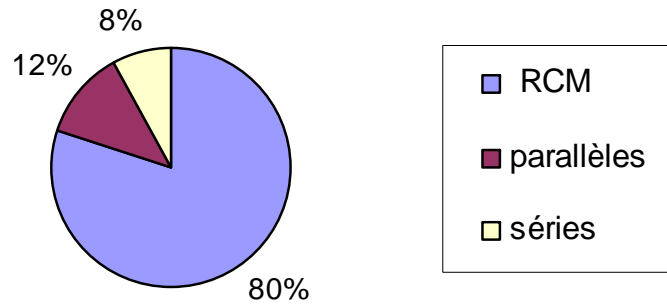
33 robots

allocation of serial carriers



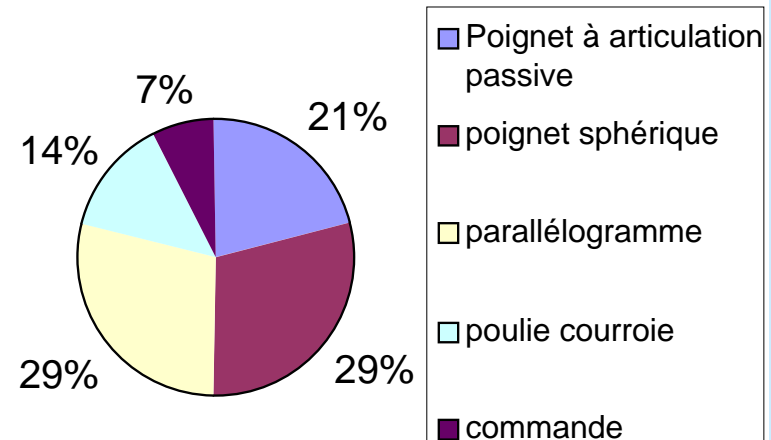
16 robots

allocation of wrists



25 robots

Design of RCM robots

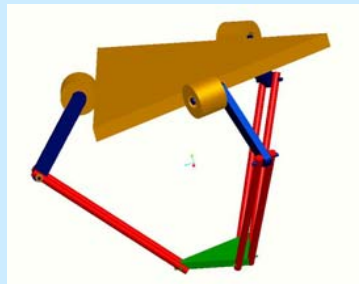


14 robots

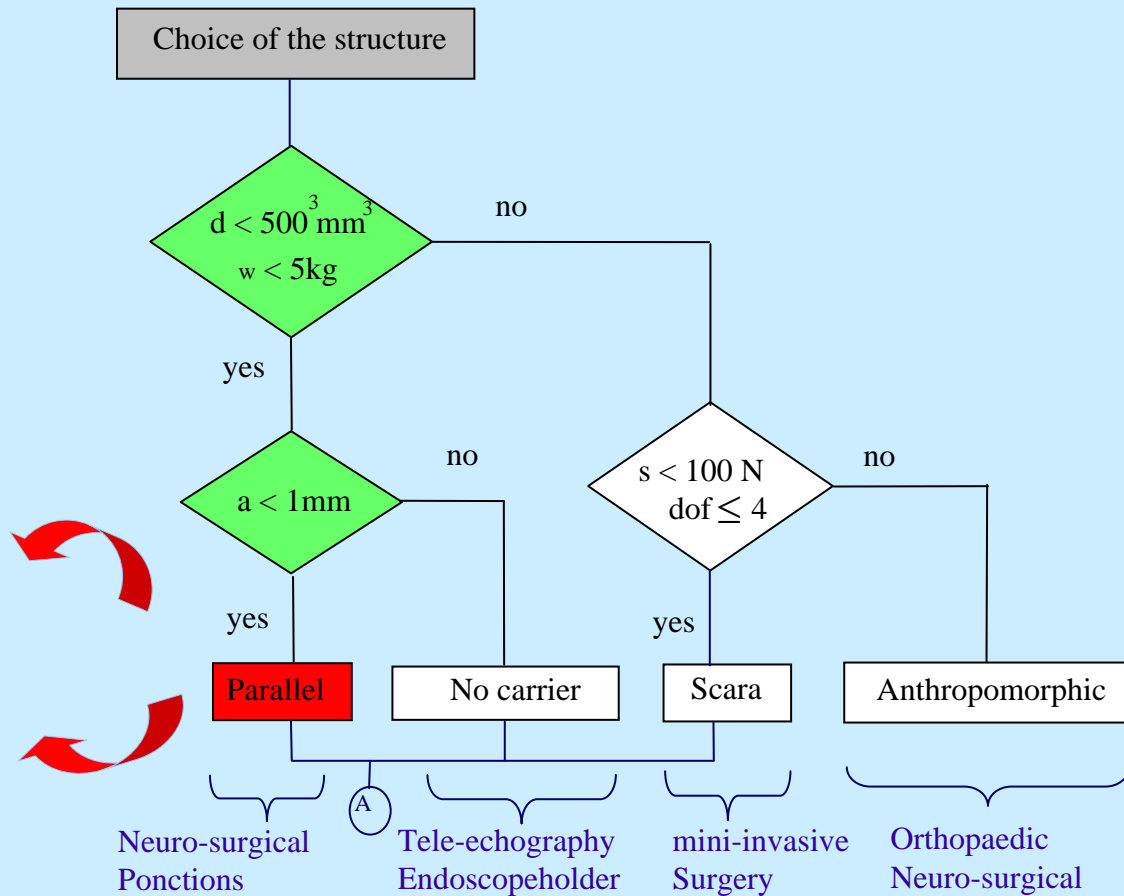
$$(d < 500^3 \text{ mm}^3 + w < 5 \text{ kg}) \cdot (a < 1 \text{ mm}) \Rightarrow \textit{Parallel}$$

d : dimensions  
 w : weight  
 a : accuracy  
 s : strength  
 dof : degree of freedom  
 (A) Choice of wrist

Delta



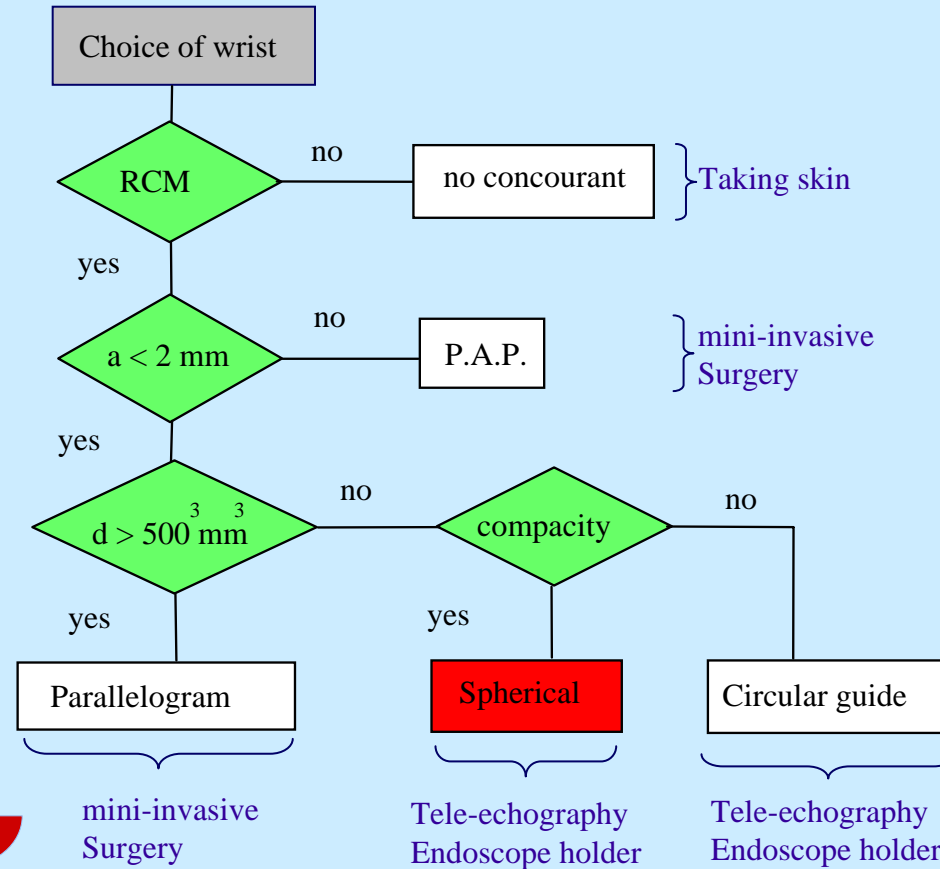
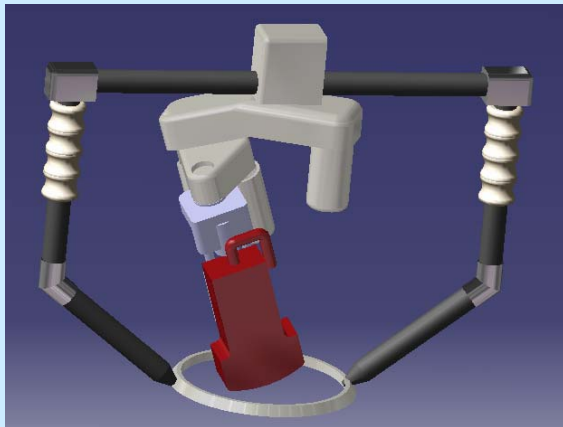
Hexapode





$$(RCM \cdot a < 2 \text{ mm}) \cdot (d > 500^3 \text{ mm}^3) \cdot \text{compactness} \Rightarrow \text{spherical wrist}$$

d : dimensions  
 RCM : Remote Center Motion  
 a : accuracy



## 4- Conclusion and Perspectives

To conclude :

- Specifications  $\Rightarrow$  design constraints and criteria
- classification  $\Rightarrow$  knowledge of the design of medical robots

- Designer helping tool by a case-based design (CBD) method  
permits choosing morphologies

The flow charts are verified by 51 robots of the classification

The other robots are either particular cases or we don't have all the necessary information about them

It is planned to :

- improve the bounds of the flow charts :  
perhaps by using fuzzy logic ?
- link the flow charts with computer assisted design
- create a web site presenting all existing solutions
- make a dimensional analysis applied to a new medical robot

⇒ generic methodology of medical robot design

