On Centauric Subshifts

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We mean tilings with seemingly mutually exclusive properties.

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Tiling: a mapping $f: \mathbb{Z}^2 \to \tau$ that respects the matching rules

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.right = $f(i+1,j)$.left, e.g., +

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Example. A finite pattern from a valid tiling:



local rules can enforce high algorithmic complexity

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 - ▶ high information density: each $N \times N$ -square in a τ -tiling has high Komogorov complexity [Durand, Levin, Shen, 2001]
- ▶ Every **effectively closed shift** in 1*D* can be *simulated* by vertical columns of a 2*D* tiling [Aubrun-Sablik, Durand-R.-Shen]

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- ▶ after all, the standard constructions does not work!

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Moreover, exactly the same finite patterns appear in all τ -tilings (minimality).

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(Ballier and Ollinger [2009] did it with a version of Robinson's tile set)

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Theorem [Durand-R. 2015] There exists a tile set τ such that all tilings are *non computable* and *quasiperiodic*.

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Question: Can we enforce by local rules *non computability* and *minimality*?

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Question: Can we enforce by local rules *non computability* and *minimality*?

Answer: NO!

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Question: Can we enforce by local rules *non computability* and *minimality*?

Answer: NO! Every minimal SFT contains a computable point.

The message of this talk

Theorem 1. There exists a tile set τ such that all τ -tilings are *non computable* and *quasiperiodic*.

A stronger positive result

Theorem 2. There exists a tile set τ such that Kolmogorov complexity of every finite pattern is large **and** all tilings are quasiperiodic.

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Theorem 3. For every effectively closed set $\mathcal A$ there exists a tile set τ such that

- ightharpoonup all au-tilings are quasiperiodic,
- ▶ the Turing spectrum of all τ -tilings = the *upper closure* of A.

(upper closure := all degrees in A + the degrees above them)

Another positive result (motivated by Emmanuel Jeandel)

Theorem 4. For every *minimal* 1D subshift \mathcal{A} there exists a tile set τ such that

- the set of τ -tilings is *minimal*
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cf.

Theorem [Aubrun-Sablik, Durand-R.-Shen 2013]

For every effectively closed 1D subshift $\mathcal A$ there exists a tile set τ such that $\mathcal A$ is simulated by vertical columns of τ -tilings.

Once again, the first nontrivial statement:

Theorem. There exists a tile set τ such that all τ -tilings are aperiodic and quasiperiodic.

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In what follows we explain how to guarantee aperiodicity + quasiperiodicity of a tiling.

The plan:

- enforce self-similarity of a tiling self-simulation: using ideas of S. Kleene, J. von Neumann, P. Gács (Remember Linda's talk!)
- enforce replication of all patterns that you may have in a tiling

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Definition 2. A tile set ρ is **simulated** by τ : there exists a family of τ -macro-tiles R isomorphic to ρ such that every τ -tiling can be uniquely split by an $N \times N$ grid into macro-tiles from R.

Theorem. Self-similar tile set is aperiodic.

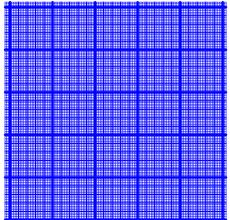
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Simulating a given tile set ρ by macro-tiles.

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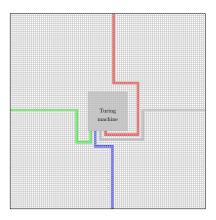
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 - a predicate
- ightharpoonup a tile set ho \Longrightarrow $\mathcal{P}(x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4)$ on 4-tuples of colors

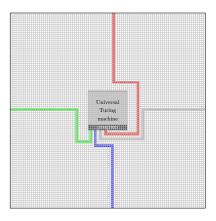
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only 4-tuples of colors for the ρ -tiles

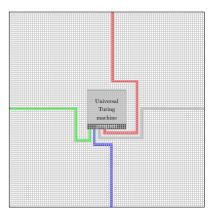
Implementation scheme:



A more generic construction: universal $\mathsf{TM} + \mathsf{program}$



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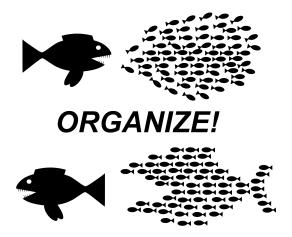
A fixed point: simulating tile set = simulated tile set

A similar metaphor in pop culture:



(Picture by Worker, http://OpenClipArt.org/detail/102679/organize)

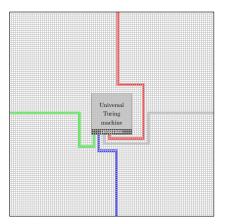
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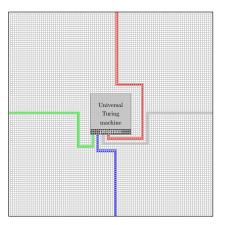
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...but we need (infinitely) many levels of self-simulation.

What about quasiperiodicity?

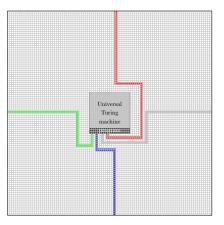


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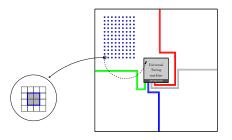
Good news: for self-similar tilings it is enough to prove that each 2×2 -pattern in a tiling has "siblings" hereabouts.

What about quasiperiodicity?

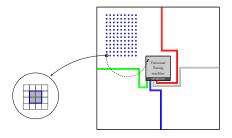


Bad news: the problematic parts are the *computation zone* and the *communication wires*.

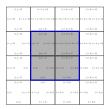
Replicate all 2×2 patterns that may appear in the computational zone!



Replicate all 2×2 patterns that may appear in the computational zone!



A slot for a 2×2 pattern from the comput. zone:



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Proofs of Theorems 2-4:

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That's all!