On the complexity of finding large odd induced subgraphs and odd colorings

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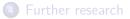


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For every graph G, V(G) can be partitioned into two sets

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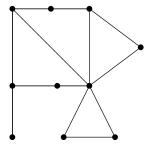
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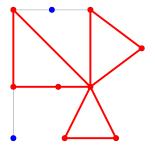
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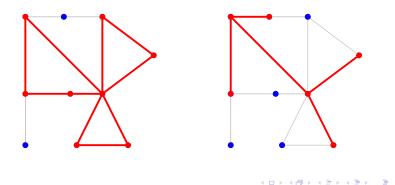
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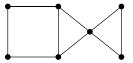
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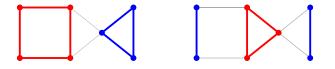
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Corollary

Every graph G contains an even induced subgraph with at least |V(G)|/2 vertices.

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What about mos(G) and $\chi_{odd}(G)$?

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Our goal Computational aspects of the parameters mos and χ_{odd} .









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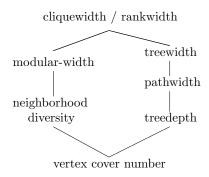
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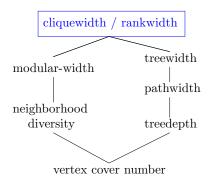
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- Trees. [Radcliffe, Scott. 1995]
- Graphs G with bounded $\chi(G)$.
- Graphs G with $\Delta(G) \leq 3$.
- Graphs G with $tw(G) \leq 2$.

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- [Hou, Yu, Li, Liu. 2018]
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- Note that cographs are exactly P_4 -free graphs. We show that χ_{odd} is unbounded for P_5 -free graphs.

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Introduction

2 Our results

3 Some proofs



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- polynomial-time solvable if $q \leq 2$, and
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For q = 1 the problem is trivial: G needs to be an odd graph itself.

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• $\chi_{odd}(G) \leq 2 \iff$ the above system is feasible.

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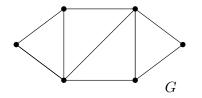
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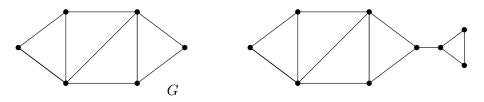
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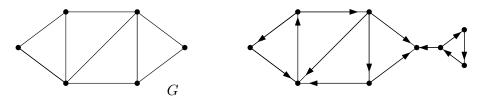
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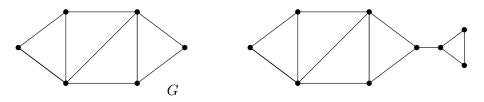
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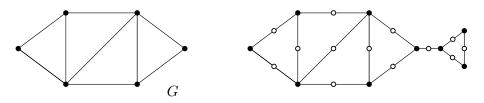
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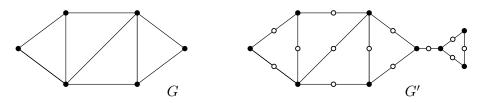
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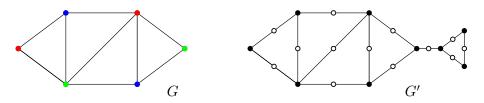
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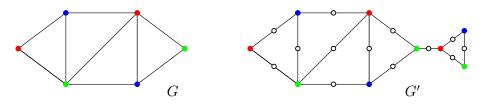
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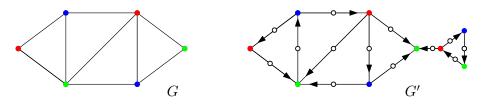
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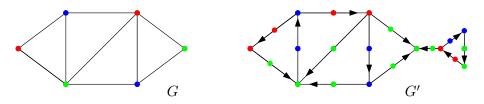
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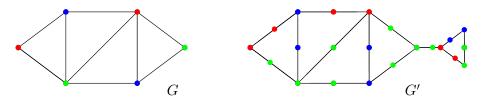
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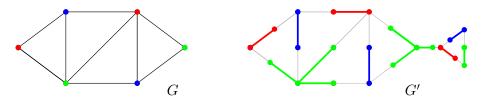
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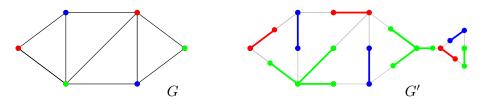


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★ Any graph G = (V, E) such that |V| + |E| is even admits an orientation of E such that all vertex in-degrees are odd. [Frank, Jordán, Szigeti. 1999]



Thus, G is 3-colorable $\iff \chi_{odd}(G') \leq 3.$ (* skip)

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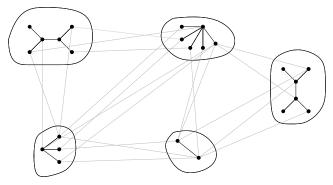
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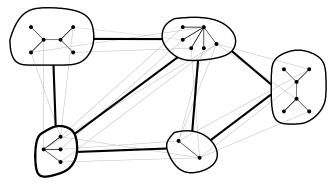


Given G, consider a partition of V(G) into induced odd trees.

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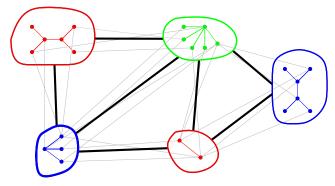


Let G' be obtained from G by contracting each tree to a single vertex.

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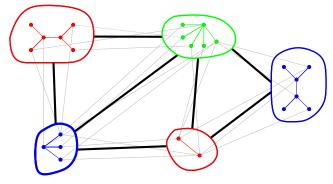


Consider a proper vertex coloring of G' using $\chi(G')$ colors.

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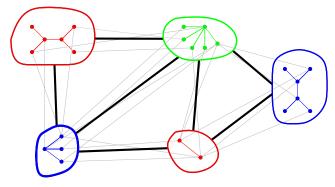


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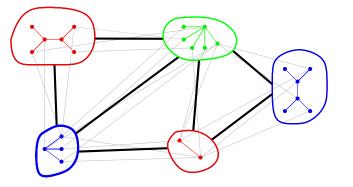


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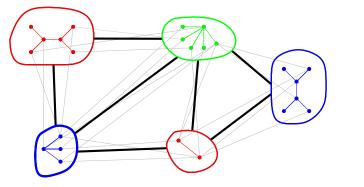
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Bound is tight: let G be subdivided *n*-clique with $n \equiv 0,3 \pmod{4}$.

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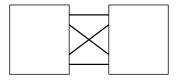
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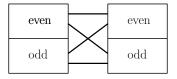
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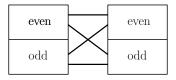
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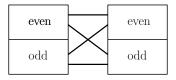
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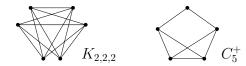
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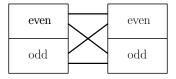


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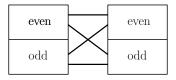
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Odd graphs on four vertices: K_4 , $K_{1,3}$, and $2K_2$.

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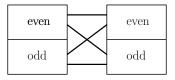


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• Algo in time $2^{\mathcal{O}(q \cdot rw)} \cdot n^{\mathcal{O}(1)}$ for deciding whether $\chi_{odd}(G) \leq q$.

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Gràcies!



