

Fully Secure Broadcast Encryption

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Broadcast Encryption

- N users $\{u_1, \dots, u_N\} = U$
- Here: Key encapsulation mechanism
- Goal: Encrypt K to any $S \subset U$

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- Goal: Encrypt K to any $S \subset U$
- Naive way: Use public-key encryption
- but: $|c| = \mathcal{O}(|S|)$

Subset Cover

- Partition user set into subsets S_i
- Assign each subset a key
- Each user gets keys of sets he belongs to

Subset Cover

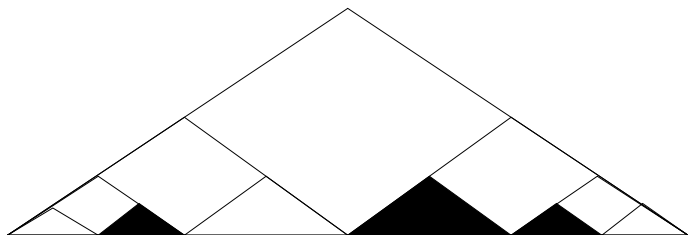
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To encrypt

- Partition target set into subsets S_i
- Use subset keys to encaps session key

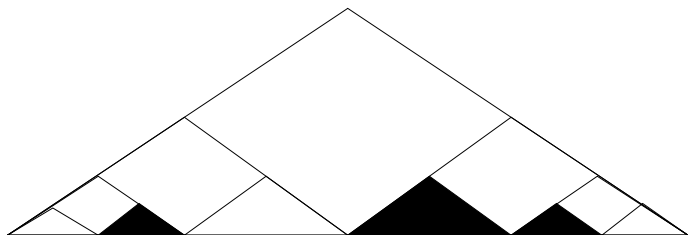
Complete Subtree

- Users are leafs in a tree
- Each node i is assigned a key for subtree S_i
- Each users has keys of all ancestors ($\log N$)



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- $|c| = \mathcal{O}(r \log N)$
- size of the user secret: $\log N$

Tools

Diffie-Hellman Key Agreement

- u_a has secret key a , u_b has b
- public: $A = g^a, B = g^b$
- Compute session key $A^b = g^{ab} = B^a$

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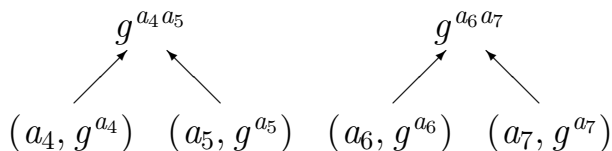
ElGamal Encryption

- Receiver has $dk = a$, $ek = A = g^a$
- To encrypt m choose b and send $g^b, A^b m$
- IND-CPA secure under DDH

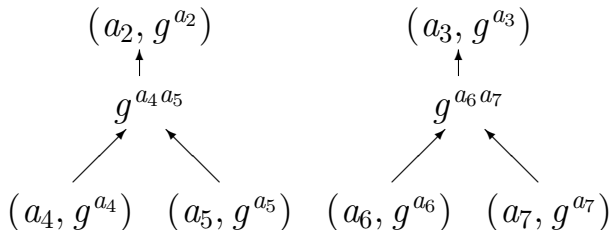
Tree Construction

$$(a_4, g^{a_4}) \quad (a_5, g^{a_5}) \quad (a_6, g^{a_6}) \quad (a_7, g^{a_7})$$

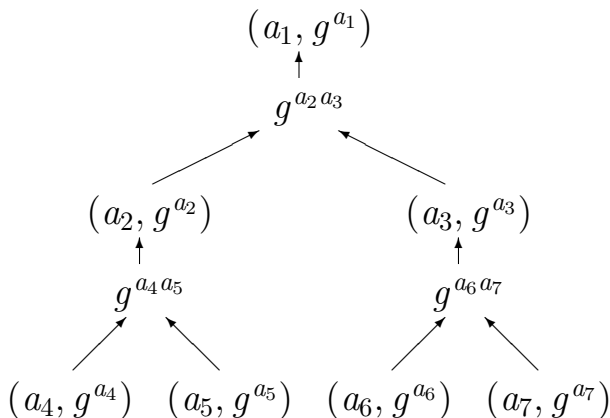
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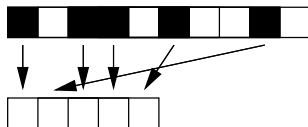


Can reconstruct tree from constant-size secret

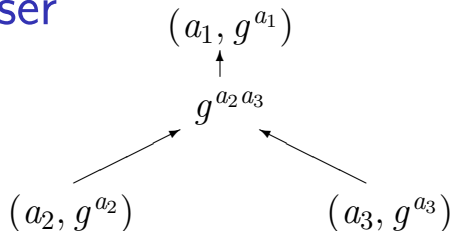
The PRG

Want to go from a subgroup of \mathbb{Z}_p^\times to \mathbb{Z}_q
 ($p = 2q + 1$)

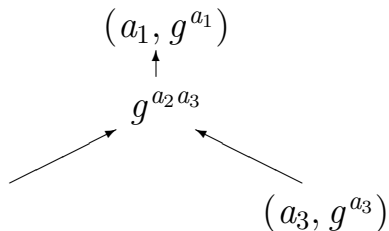
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \leq q \\ p - x & \text{if } x > q \end{cases}$$



Adding a user

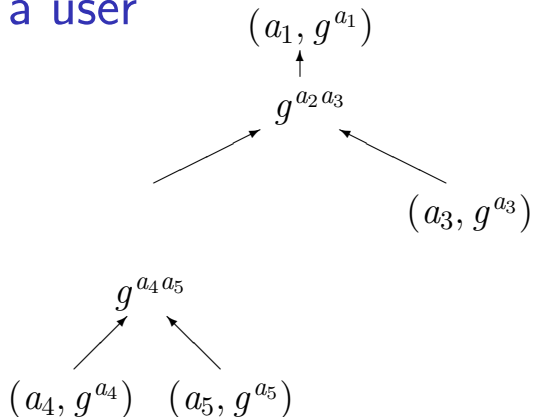


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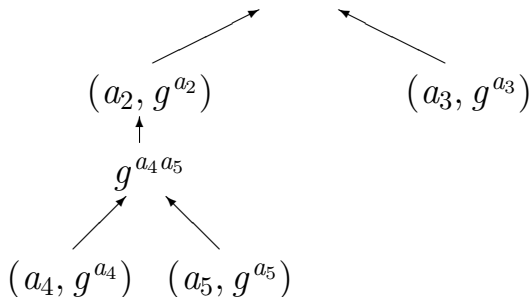


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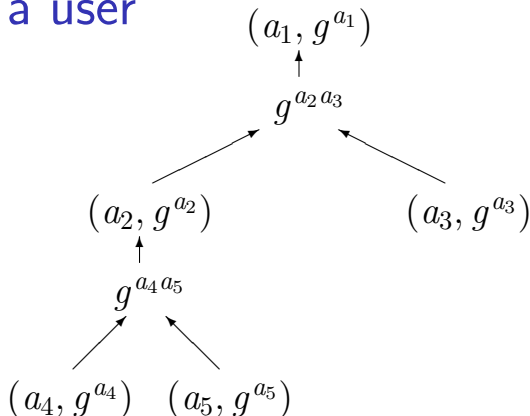
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Need to recompute all key pairs on the path to the root.

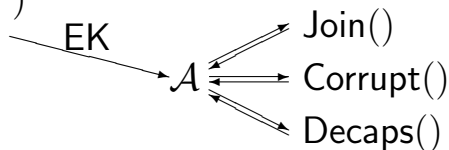
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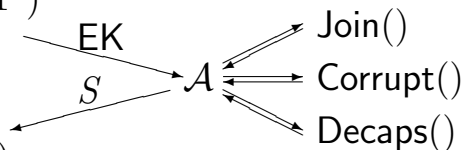
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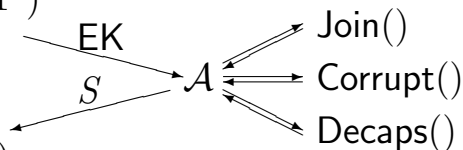
$$K_{\mathbf{b}} \leftarrow K, K_{1-\mathbf{b}} \xleftarrow{\$} \mathcal{K}$$

$$H, K_0, K_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{A}$$

Security of BE

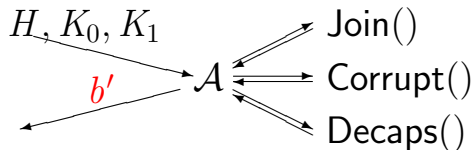
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Cramer-Shoup Encryption

- IND-CCA2 under DDH
- $dk = (x_1, x_2, y_1, y_2, z)$, $ek = (g_1^{x_1} g_2^{x_2}, g_1^{y_1} g_2^{x_2}, g_1^z)$
- Also need MAC to tie components together

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- Need to also generate PKE keys (5 el.)
- Multi-DH: $sk_i = (a_i, b_i, c_i);$
 $pk_i = (A_i, B_i, C_i) = (g^{a_i}, g^{b_i}, g^{c_i}).$
- The session key is: (3+5 el.)

	a_j	b_j	c_j
A_i	$A_i^{a_j}$	$A_i^{b_j}$	$A_i^{c_j}$
B_i	$B_i^{a_j}$	$B_i^{b_j}$	$B_i^{c_j}$
C_i	$C_i^{a_j}$	$C_i^{b_j}$	

Outlook

- Subset Difference: $|c| = \mathcal{O}(r)$
- Permanently revoke users
- Remove central authority by making the key agreement interactive

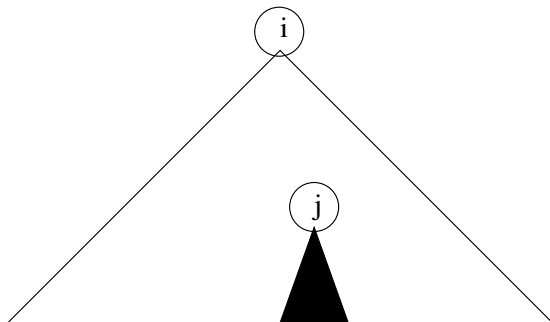
Thank you.

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- Subset $S_{i,j} = S_i \setminus S_j$
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Security of BE

$\text{Exp}_{\mathcal{DBE}, \mathcal{A}}^{\text{ind-acca-b}}(k)$
 $(\text{MSK}, \text{EK}) \leftarrow \text{Setup}(1^k);$
 $\mathcal{Q}_C \leftarrow \emptyset; \mathcal{Q}_D \leftarrow \emptyset;$
 $(st, \mathcal{S}, \tau) \leftarrow \mathcal{A}^{\text{OJoin}(), \text{ODecaps}(), \text{OCorrupt}()}(\text{param});$
 $(H, K) \leftarrow \text{Encaps}(\text{EK}, \text{Reg}(\tau), \mathcal{S});$
 $K_b \leftarrow K; K_{1-b} \xleftarrow{\$} \mathcal{K};$
 $b' \leftarrow \mathcal{A}^{\text{OJoin}(), \text{ODecaps}(), \text{OCorrupt}()}(st; \mathcal{S}, H, K_0, K_1);$
 if $\exists i \in \mathcal{S}, (i, \mathcal{S}, H) \in \mathcal{Q}_D$ or $i \in \mathcal{Q}_C$
 then return 0;
 else return b' ;

$\text{OJoin}(i)$
 $(\text{usk}_i, \text{upk}_i) \leftarrow \text{Join}(\text{msk}, i);$
 return upk_i ;

$\text{ODecaps}(i, \mathcal{S}, H)$
 $\mathcal{Q}_D \leftarrow \mathcal{Q}_D \cup \{(i, \mathcal{S}, H)\};$
 $K \leftarrow \text{Decaps}(\text{usk}_i, \mathcal{S}, H);$
 return K ;

$\text{OCorrupt}(i)$
 $\mathcal{Q}_C \leftarrow \mathcal{Q}_C \cup \{i\};$
 return usk_i ;