

Multi-modal image registration of CT and Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) images

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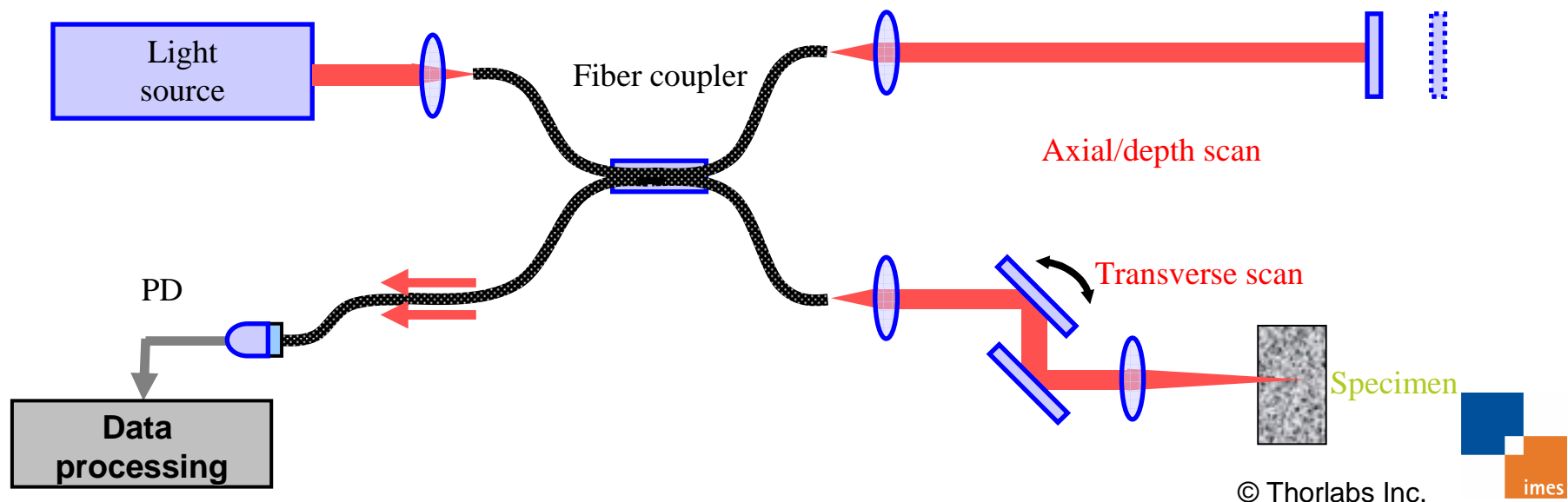
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- Introduction to OCT and comparison to other imaging technologies
- Research project at the IMES (Leibniz University of Hannover)
- Multi-modal image registration



Features of OCT

- Interferometric measurement principle
- Non invasive, non contact 3D imaging
- Resolution: 2-15 μm
- Imaging depth depends on light penetration depth in tissue ($\sim 1 \text{ mm} - 3 \text{ mm}$)



Overview of imaging technologies

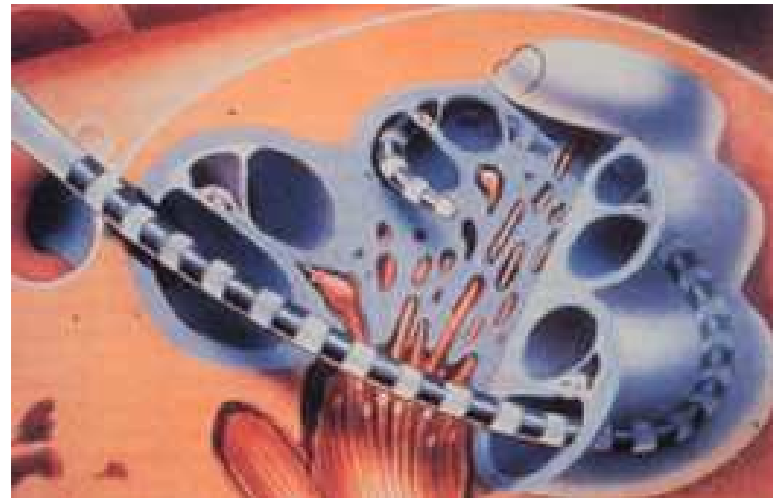
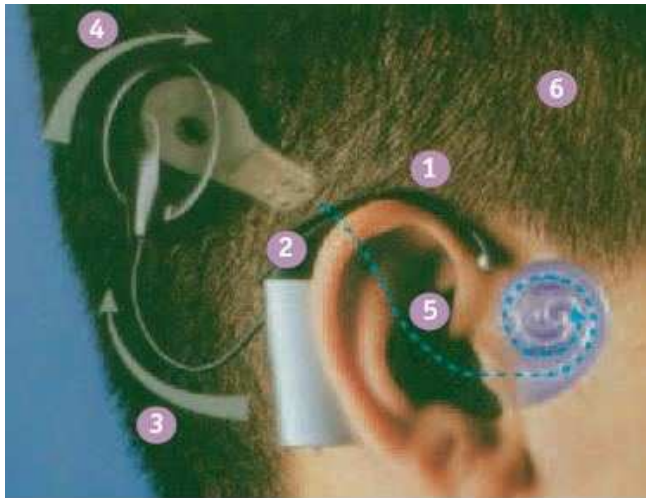
Imaging Technology	Typical resolution (μm)	Imaging Depth (mm)	System Cost	Speed	Features
Microscopy	1	0.3	Low	Video rate	Non-Invasive
OCT	2-15	1.5	Low	Video rate	Non-Invasive
Ultrasound	150	150	Low	Video rate	Contact
MRI	500	-	High	50ms	Non-Invasive
CT	500	-	High	50ms	Non-Invasive, Radiation

→ Approach: Combination of two different imaging technologies



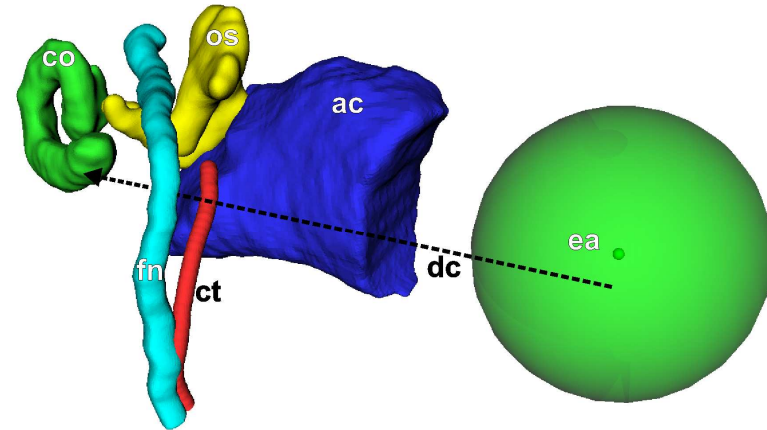
Cochlea Implant (CI)

- Insertion of an electrode array into the cochlea for electrical stimulation of the auditory nerve
- State-of-the art: Exposition of functional important structures ensuring their safety by resecting big parts of the lateral skull. Opening of the cochlea by drilling a hole with a diameter of 0.5-1.0mm



Minimal Invasive Cochlea Implant

- High-accurate preoperative positioning of the drilling device for a **direct access** to the cochlea



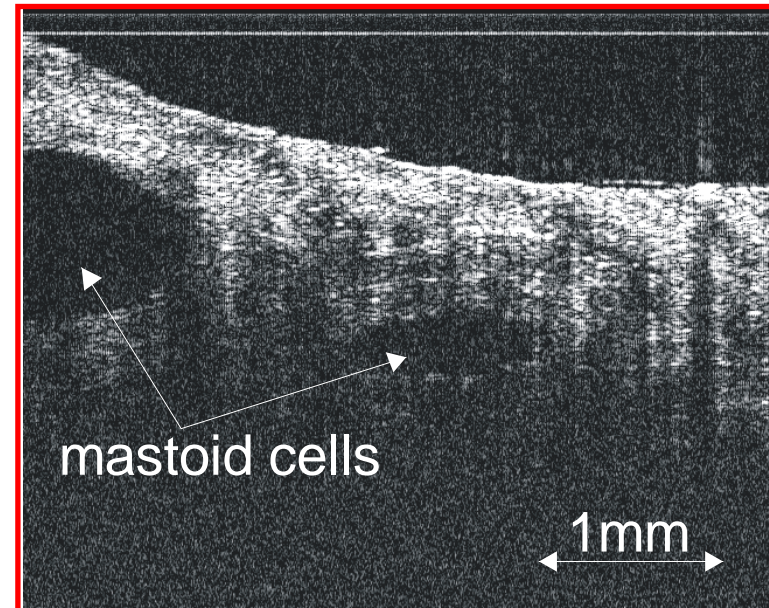
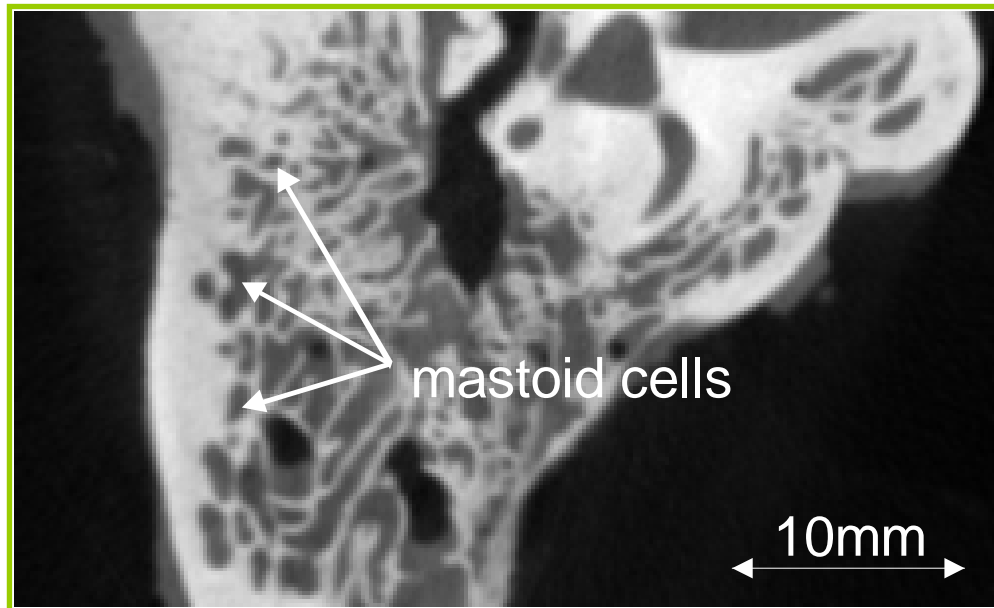
Our approach for navigation

- Surgical navigation based on landmarks, different imaging technologies and robotics
- Two scale approach using CT and OCT images
 - Registration of CT and OCT images



Comparison of CT and OCT images

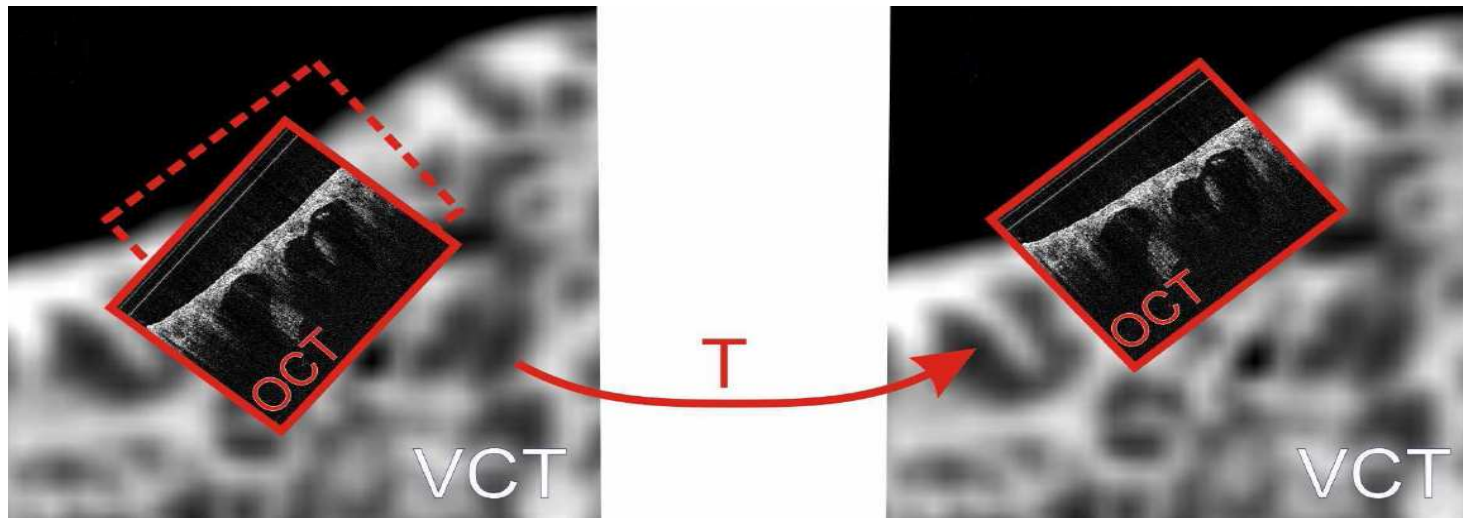
Images from a temporal bone specimen...



- Flat panel volumetric computerized tomography (used for surgical planning)
- Resolution: 0.148mm (isotropic)
- Optical coherence tomography (used for intra-operative guidance)
- Resolution: $8.3 \times 6.3 \times 5 \mu\text{m}^3$

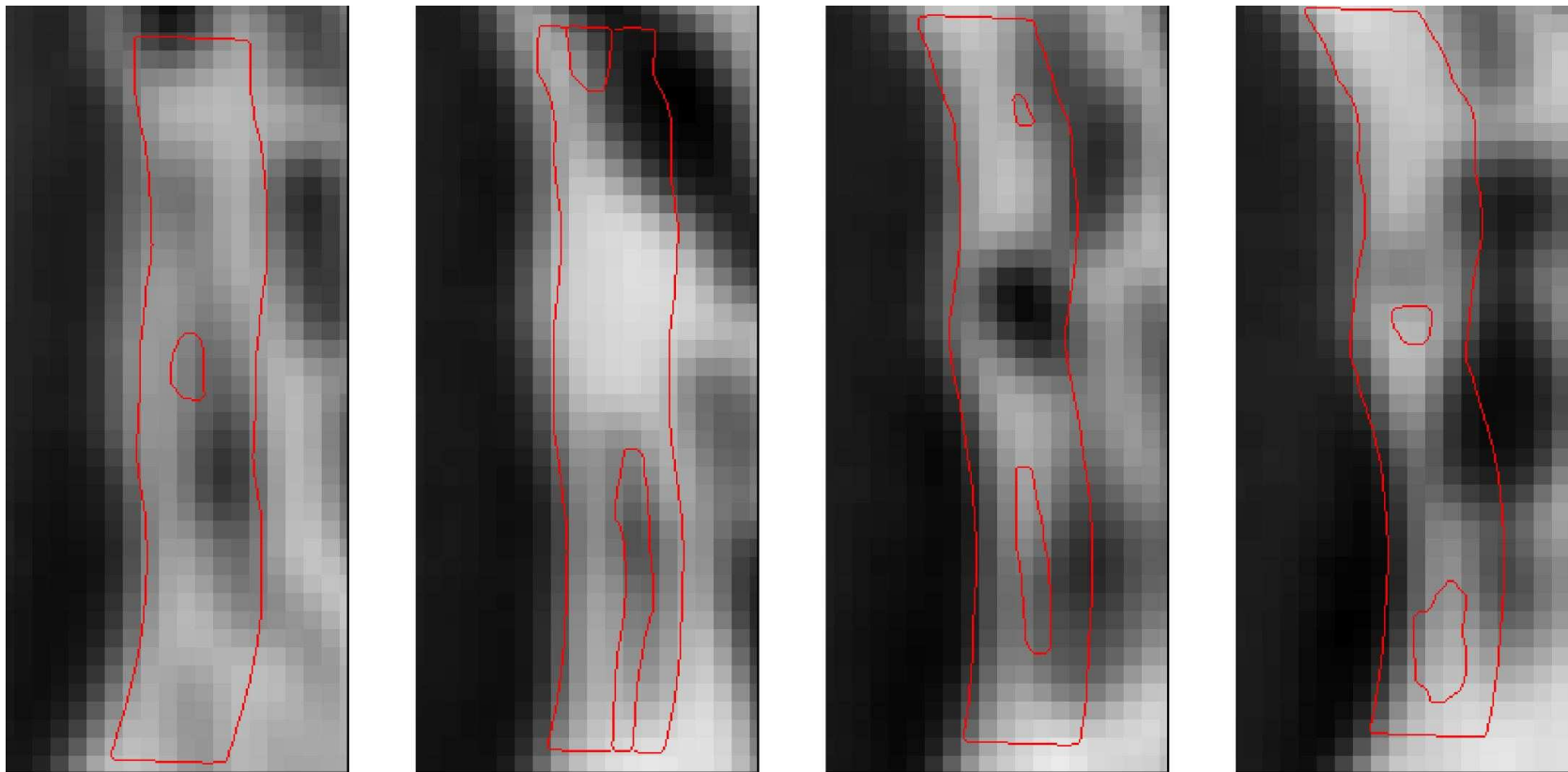


- Stereo optical localizer for an initial pose estimation of the OCT scan volume within the CT data
- Image registration of OCT and CT in order to calculate a corrective transformation T
- Apply T to the robot's endeffector guiding the surgical instrument



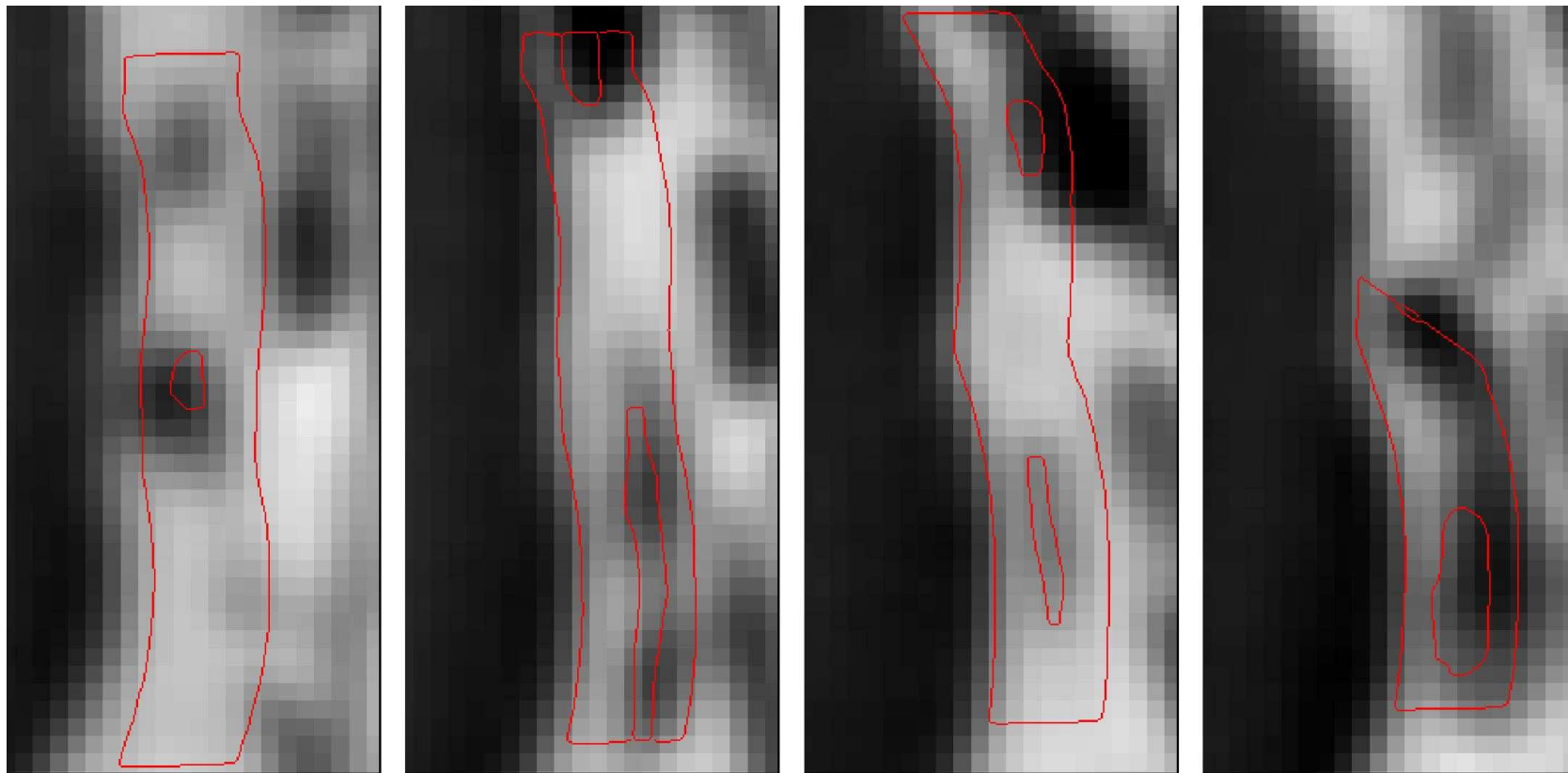
Before image registration

- Edges of the segmented OCT data (red) plotted into the correspondent VCT image; 4 exemplary slides



After image registration

- Edges of the segmented OCT data (red) plotted into the correspondent VCT image; 4 exemplary slides



Outlook

- Improvement of the registration methods due to model-based approaches
- Robustness of registration due to changes in measurement and optimization methods
- Determination of the registration accuracy using highly accurate calibration objects

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Thank you for your attention!

