## HAI709I : Fondements cryptographiques de la sécurité, Université de Montpellier, 2024

## 23/09/2024. Homework for Lecture 3.

**Exercise 1.** We consider an access structure with four participants A, B, C, D where the authorised groups (groups of participants who can access the secret) are the two-element sets

$$\{A, B\}, \{B, C\}, \{C, D\},\$$

and all supersets (extensions) of these three sets.

(a) Construct a secret sharing scheme for this access structure with a secret key uniformly distributed in  $\{0,1\}^{1024}$ .

(b) The same question, but every private key (secret shares for each participants) must be a binary string of length at most 2048 bits.

(c) The same question, but every private key (secret shares for each participants) must be a binary string of length at most 1536 bits.

(d)\*\* Prove that the number 1536 is optimal: there is no secret sharing scheme for this access structure with a secret key uniformly distributed in  $\{0, 1\}^{1024}$  and each secret key is distributed on  $\{0, 1\}^m$  for m < 1536.

**Exercise 2.** If  $\{A_i : i = 1, 2, 3, ..., n\}$  is a finite set of events that are *mutually exclusive* (any two of them cannot both occur at the same time) and *collectively exhaustive* (at least one of the events  $A_i$  must occur), then for any event B we have

(a) 
$$\Pr[B] = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \Pr[A_i \cap B]$$
  
(b)  $\Pr[B] = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \Pr[B \mid A_i] \Pr[A_n]$ 

Exercise 3. Which of the following functions are negligibly small?

(a)  $1/\log_2 n$ (b)  $1/n^{\log_2 n}$ (c)  $1/(\sqrt{n})^{\sqrt{n}}$ . (d)  $1/2^{\sqrt{n}}$ .

**Exercise 4.** We say that a function  $f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{R}$  is *negligibly small* if for every polynomial Q(x) (not identically equal to zero) there exists a natural number  $n_0$  such that for all  $n > n_0$  we have  $|f(n)| \le 1/|Q(n)|$  (i.e., f(n) converges to zero faster than any inverted polynomial). Let f(n) and g(n) be negligibly small functions. Prove that the following functions are also negligibly small:

(a) f(n) + g(n)(b)  $f^{10}(n)$ (c)  $f(n) \cdot g(n)$ (d)  $\sqrt{g(n)}$